

# Massive market, though care needed to adapt specifically to it

#### **S**trengths

- Huge market with overall structural agri-food shortage.
- Imported products often favoured for quality.
- LT tailwinds from urbanization, income increases and westernisation.
- Strong level of ecommerce take-up.

#### Weaknesses

- Dynamic legislative situation.
- Complex market, products need localisation.
- In reality a collection of different smaller markets.
- Big producer of some F&B products.

### **O**pportunities

- Wide range of opportunities from market size.
- Strong recent focus on health.
- Recent agreement opens door for 96 Gls.
- Foreign friendly ecommerce opening up markets beyond large cities.

#### **T**hreats

- Strict import requirements subject to speedy change.
- FTAs with multiple other countries, some of which are well established.
- Increasing quantity and quality of domestic production.

# Luxury products and meat are notable opportunities



Structural **meat** deficit; pork in particular due to local ASF outbreaks, though other meats are increasingly in demand.



Rapid growing **dairy** market may soon become the world's largest; imported milk, butter and cheese all well regarded.



Though the **wine** market is already big with around 40m regular consumers, it has a lot of room to further grow.



Imported **confectionery** – chocolate in particular – in demand and often gifted due to its premium status.

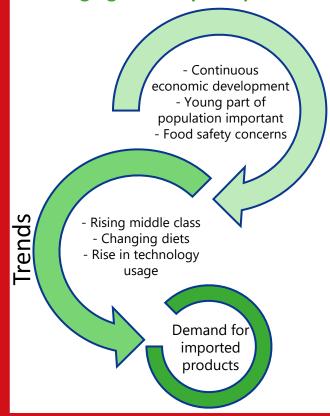


Premium imported **spirits** considered a luxury product / status symbol and hence in high demand.

# Costal tier 1 cities and western megaregion especially interesting



## Big economic and social tailwinds are changing consumption patterns



# Strong opportunities among different mid-to-higher income segments



Young professionals appreciate quality and healthy products.



Middle-aged, higher income consumers think over purchase decisions and like personalisation.



Higher income "sophisticated mums" focus on health, safety and beauty.

